# Reactions in Baking <br> Chocolate Chip Cookies \& Vanilla Cupcakes 

Brought to you by Sienna Dudas and Nina Dawood

## Materials/ Safety

- Cookie Ingredients
- Cupcake Ingredients
- Sugar (glucose)
- Baking Soda (sodium
bicarbonate)
- Baking tools
- Oven mitts


## Chemical Reaction in Cookies

When the sodium bicarbonate (baking soda) absorbs heat, a chemical reaction occurs:

- Produces bubbles
- Chewy
- Coarse texture
- Allows cookies to rise


## Chemical Equation of Sodium

Bicarbonate
$2 \mathrm{NaHCO}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{CO}_{2}$

This is a decomposition reaction!

Trial 1=4.26g(1tsp)
Trial $2=6.39(1.5 \mathrm{tsp})$
Trial 3=8.52 (2 tsp)

$105.988 \cdot 0.025=2.64$

## Sodium Bicarbonate

- Ionic bond
${ }^{+} \mathrm{Na}^{-} \mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{O}} \mathrm{OH}$
- White, solid, crystalline appears powdery


## Cookie Ingredients

## Trial 1

- $2 ¼$ cups baking soda
- 1 teaspoon baking soda
- 1 teaspoon salt
- 1 cup butter
- 3/4 cup granulated sugar
- 3/4cup brown sugar
- 1 teaspoon vanilla extract
- 2 eggs
- 2 cups chocolate chips


## Trial 2

- $2 ¼$ cups baking soda
- $11 / 2$ teaspoon baking soda
- 1 teaspoon salt
- 1 cup butter
- 3/4cup granulated sugar
- 3/4cup brown sugar
- 1 teaspoon vanilla extract
- 2 eggs
- 2 cups chocolate chips


## Trial 3

- $21 / 4$ cups baking soda
- 2 teaspoons baking soda
- 1 teaspoon salt
- 1 cup butter
- 3/4 cup granulated sugar
- 3/4cup brown sugar
- 1 teaspoon vanilla extract
- 2 eggs
- 2 cups chocolate chips


## Trial 1



- Baked for 12 minutes $350^{\circ}$
- 1 tsp baking soda
- More gooey throughout baking
- After halfway through edges were still doughy


## Trial 2



- Bakes at $12 \min 350^{\circ}$
- $1 \frac{1}{2}$ tsp baking soda
- Dough a little stickier
- A little browned halfway through baking


## Trial 3



- Baked for $12 \min 350^{\circ}$
- Dough more sticky
- Halfway through baking edges browned
- Crispiest


End Results
Trial 1 cookie: Doughy center, lightly crisped edges, lightest in color

Trial 2 cookie: Slightly less doughy center, harder edges, more golden in color

Trial 3 cookie: Crispy throughout, crunchy edges, brown color

## Vanilla Cupcakes

Maillard Reaction

## Maillard Reaction

- Maillard Reaction occurs between amino acids and reducing sugars in the presence of heat, resulting in the coloration in foods.
- Chemical reactions are affected by temperature change
- Increasing the temperature will cause a raise and browning in the cupcakes



## Chemical Equation

$\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}+\mathrm{NH}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{~N}$

- Glucose has covalent bonds
- 120 grams of sugar multiplied by the molar mass of glucose, equals moles.
- Molar mass of NH2 multiplied by moles of glucose.
- Molar Mass of C6H14O6N multiplied by moles of glucose.



## Cupcake Ingredients

- $11 / 2$ sticks unsalted butter
- $11 / 2$ cups sugar
- Prep 15 minutes
- 2 eggs
- 2 teaspoons pure vanilla extract
- $21 / 2$ teaspoons baking powder
- $1 / 4$ teaspoon salt
- $21 / 2$ cups flour
- $11 / 4$ cups milk
- Cook 15 minutes
- Ready in 30 minutes


## Step 1

- Preheat oven to 350 degrees $F$
- Put foil or cupcake liners on the cupcake pan or cookie sheet
- Sift together the the baking powder, the flour, baking soda. Cocoa and salt.


## BAKE 



## Step 2

- In a large bowl, cream together the butter and sugar until light and fluffy.
- Add the eggs one at a time, beating well with each addition, then stir in the vanilla.
- Add the flour mixture alternately with the milk; beat well. Fill the muffin cups $3 / 4$ full.



## Step 3

- Bake for 15 to 17 minutes in the preheated oven, or until a toothpick inserted into the cake comes out clean.
- Frost with your favorite frosting when cool.



## Trail \#1

- Regular ingredients
- Heat 350 degrees
- Time 15:00

Outcome

- Fluffy inside
- Slight crunch outside



## Trail \#2

- Added $1 / 8$ tsp of sugar
- Heat 350 Degrees
- Time 15:00

Outcome

- Browner Outside
- Harder outer shell



## Trail \#3

- Added $1 / 2$ tsp of sugar
- Heat 350 degrees
- Time: 20:00

Outcome

- Browner
- Outer shell is harder
- A bit dry


End Results

- The more sugar added the darker the cupcake turned. ( Caramelization)
- The more sugar added the harder the outside shell became.
- Within each trial the cupcake got drier.



## Enthalpy

- Endothermic reaction
- Heat derived from oven to turn into a solid
- Heat is being absorbed while baking and is also being released after.


## Real World Application

- Cooking is an everyday activity- sugar and baking soda are crucial to many recipes
- They will determine how well your food comes out


## Thank youtl <br> Questions?

